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In Washington

# The Washington Herald

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NO. 3065.

WEATHER—FAIR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1915.

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## HEALTH CHIEFS OF U. S. PRAISE 'DOPE' CRUSADE

Herald's Expose of Illegal  
Drug Traffic Is Strongly  
Commended.

### SAYS CITY IS AROUSED

Surgeon General Believes Peo-  
ple Have Been Awakened  
to Menace.

### "USEFUL ACT," SAYS GORGAS

Commends Newspaper on Success of  
Efforts Toward Eradicating  
the Evil.

Uncle Sam's three chief medical  
officers, the surgeons general of the  
army, navy, and Public Health Service,  
yesterday united in voicing un-  
qualified praise of The Washington  
Herald for its exposure of the illegal  
dope traffic in the National Capital  
and its campaign to bring to punish-  
ment the men who are spreading the  
narcotic evil by selling habit forming  
drugs.

#### Great Problem, He Says.

Surgeon General William C. Braisted  
of the navy said:

"The illegal sale and use of drugs  
known as 'dope' is one of the great  
problems of today. This problem con-  
fronts both the government and the  
medical profession and that part of the  
people who know of its evils. The  
evils of so-called dope are many and  
far-reaching.

"The campaign of The Herald  
against the dope evil in the District  
and The Herald's expose of the real  
conditions here was a great step in  
awakening the people of the National  
Capital to the menace that exists. Such  
a campaign of exposure tends largely  
to control the evil by giving the peo-  
ple knowledge of what really is go-  
ing on.

"It is only through the newspapers  
that the people can be informed of  
such evils and warned against the re-  
sults, and I think that The Herald  
has consummated a very deserving ac-  
complishment. I wish to heartily com-  
mend The Herald for its fearless cru-  
sade, for I think the newspaper has  
done a big public service."

#### "A Useful Action."

Brig. Gen. William C. Gorgas, sur-  
geon general of the army, said:

"The Herald has done a very useful  
action for the people of the District  
by exposing the illegal sale of habit-  
forming drugs in the National Capital,  
and the extent of the improper use  
of such drugs here. It is very desir-  
able from a standpoint of the medical  
profession that such a sore as the so-  
called 'dope habit' in the side of the  
people be set forth before the people  
in all its truthful horror.

"The 'dope' problem is largely a civic  
problem. It is not a big problem in  
the army and navy, though we occa-  
sionally find men in the military ad-  
dicted to the use of drugs. We have  
found, almost without exception, that  
those men have contracted the habit  
before entering the service.

"The Herald is to be given hearty  
commendation for its efforts and con-  
gratulated on the success of those  
efforts."

#### Traffic Must Be Stopped.

Surgeon General Rupert Blue of the  
Public Health Service said:

"Undoubtedly the number of per-  
sons habitually using narcotics has  
been greatly exaggerated. At the same  
time, the number is far too great. If  
we are to have a healthy nation the  
sale of habit-forming drugs must be  
stopped.

"The Public Health Service, through  
the division of pharmacology of the  
Hygienic Laboratory in Washington,  
has issued bulletins regarding habit-  
forming drugs, and is endeavoring to  
disseminate information in this re-  
gard in order that the general public  
may realize the danger of self-drug-  
ing.

"Every legal means should be uti-  
lized to eradicate and prevent a con-  
tinuance of the promiscuous sale of  
drugs which undermine both the body  
and the mind."

## GERMAN CRUISER SINKS TWO SHIPS OF ALLIES

Prince Eitel Frederick Reported to  
Have Sent Down Kidlaton and Jean  
Off South America.

Copenhagen, March 2.—Reports re-  
ceived in Berlin from Concepcion,  
South America, say the German auxil-  
iary cruiser Prince Eitel Frederick  
has sunk the English sailing vessel  
Kidlaton and the French sailing ves-  
sel Jean after taking off the crews.

There are several towns named Con-  
cepcion in South America. The one  
probably meant in this dispatch is on  
the coast of Chili.

Baltimore & Ohio All Steel Train.  
No change of cars via the shortest  
route to Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Chicago,  
Cincinnati, Louisville, and St. Louis.

MRS. ANNETTE STEGLER, wife of informer in passport case, who will  
sue the German newspaper men who are alleged to have inveigled her to go  
to hotel with them.



## 'ALL RIGHT,' SAYS GENERAL, DYING

Cyrus Bussey, Victor in Civil  
War Battles, Loses Fight  
Against Illness.

### ILL ONLY A FEW DAYS

He Led Advance of Sherman's Army  
and Defeated Jackson at  
Canton.

"It's all right, now," Gen. Cyrus Bus-  
sey, eighty-two-year-old civil war vet-  
eran, told the weeping circle of relatives  
at his home, 120 N. Street northwest last  
night.

Two minutes later he died.

Gen. Bussey lost in a fight with grips  
contracted only a few days ago. He was  
conscious up to the minute death came,  
about 8:20 o'clock.

Gen. Bussey was born at Hubbard,  
Ohio, October 3, 1833, his parents being  
Rev. Amos and Hannah Bussey. In 1852  
he married Ellen Kiser, of Rockford, Ind.

In early manhood he engaged in mer-  
cantile pursuits and later was elected to  
the Iowa State Senate as a Democrat.  
He was a delegate at the Baltimore con-  
vention that nominated Stephen A. Dou-  
glas for the Presidency.

At the outbreak of the civil war he or-  
ganized the 2nd Iowa Volunteer Cavalry,  
later becoming its colonel. He commanded  
a brigade in the battle on Pea Ridge,  
March 7, 1862, and shortly after was given  
charge of the 2nd Cavalry Division of the  
army of Tennessee. He was chief of cav-  
alry in Grant's army at the siege of  
Vicksburg.

Later he led the advance of Sherman's  
army against Gen. Johnston's army to  
Jackson, Miss. He defeated Gen. Jack-  
son at Canton on July 18, 1863. At Little  
Rock he commanded the first division  
of the Seventh Army Corp, and the last  
year of the war was given charge of the  
third division of the Seventh Army  
Corp in Western Arkansas and Indian  
Territory.

At the close of the war he engaged in  
commercial pursuits in St. Louis and  
New Orleans, and was president of the  
Chamber of Commerce in the latter city  
for six years. In 1881 he moved to New  
York. The same year he moved to New  
York he was sent to London as delegate  
to the Methodist Ecumenical Conference.

He was chairman of the committee that  
secured from Congress an appropriation  
for the building of jetties at the mouth  
of the Mississippi River.

Gen. Bussey was commander of the  
District of Columbia Commandery of the  
Military Order of the Loyal Legion.

## JAILED FOR RUM; DIES BY NECKTIE

Rueing Arrest for Intoxica-  
tion, Prisoner Hangs  
Himself in Cell.

### EVIL COMES IN HOSPITAL

Waits Till Guards Quit Corridors,  
Then Strangles Self with  
Four-in-Hand.

Remorseful because he had been jailed  
for drunkenness, William A. Hayes,  
twenty-five years old, of 127 Benning  
road northeast, hanged himself with his  
necktie in his cell at the First precinct  
yesterday afternoon. He was found  
hanging from a crossbar in the cell at  
5:15 o'clock, and died five minutes later  
at Emergency Hospital.

Hayes was arrested at Eleventh and G  
streets northwest at 10:25 o'clock yester-  
day morning by Policeman W. C. Boteler,  
of the First precinct. He was taken to  
the precinct station, in Twelfth street,  
opposite the postoffice building, charged  
with intoxication, and being unable to  
furnish collateral was locked up in cell  
No. 5.

Seen Lying on Cot.  
At 4:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon an-  
other prisoner was confined in cell No. 3,  
adjoining Hayes' compartment. Hayes  
then was lying on his cot. Ten minutes  
later an officer entered the corridor,  
passing Hayes, who still was on his cot.  
The partitions of the cells are solid iron,  
it being impossible to see into the cages  
except from the side of the corridors.

Robert Harris, colored, employed by  
the Mount Vernon luncheon room, just a  
few doors from the station, and which has  
the contract for boarding the prisoners,  
entered the cell chamber shortly after  
5 o'clock. At 5:15 he passed from cell  
No. 3 to cell No. 5, and saw the body of  
Hayes suspended from the iron bar above  
the door.

Crying for help as he unlocked the door,  
Harris attracted the attention of Officer  
Ellis, in the entrance lobby. A  
police automobile patrol wagon was in  
front of the building and Hayes was  
rushed to Emergency Hospital, where he  
died five minutes later. From the dis-  
coloration of Hayes' face and the posi-  
tion of the body, it was apparent he  
had prepared to take his life immediately  
after the guards left the corridors at 5  
o'clock.

Used a Four-in-Hand.  
Hayes either jumped from the end of  
his cot, which reaches almost to the  
cell door, or climbed up the bars and  
dropped down, after fastening his neck-  
tie to the bar. It is thought the former  
method was employed. His four-in-hand  
was a four-in-hand lavender ribbon, cotton  
material, and about twenty inches long.  
Hayes weighed about 150 pounds, it was  
said.

Hayes lived with his parents at 127  
Benning road northeast. He is a printer,  
but had been out of employment for sev-  
eral weeks. His father, William C. Hay-  
es, is a motorman. Hayes is a brother-in-  
law of Policeman C. J. Nor-  
ton, of the Second precinct.  
Coroner Nyffert will hold an inquest to-  
morrow on the body this morning.

## STEGLER MUST FACE TRIAL FOR PASSPORT FRAUD

District Attorney Wood Says  
He Has Not Promised Im-  
munity to Reservist.

### WIFE MAY BRING SUIT

Reporters Admit They De-  
coyed Her Into Compro-  
mising Situation.

### STEAMSHIP OFFICERS PLEAD

Indicted for Issuing False Manifests,  
Three of Hamburg-American Line's  
Men Say They Are Innocent.

#### Special to The Washington Herald.

New York, March 2.—Richard Peter  
Stegler was brought over to the Federal  
Building from the Tombs this afternoon  
and was closeted for two hours with As-  
sistant United States District Attorney  
Roger R. Wood and Charles H. Griffiths,  
his counsel.

Stegler amplified his previous state-  
ments and frankly confessed his role  
in the passport frauds designed, accord-  
ing to the young reservist, to flood Eng-  
land with naval and military spies.  
Although he said he had been greatly  
interested in Stegler's story, Mr. Wood  
assured inquirers that the passport  
immunity has been made to him.

Several legal actions, it was learned  
today, are very likely to follow the ar-  
rest of Mrs. Stegler at the instance of  
two German newspaper reporters.

Mrs. Stegler conferred with her coun-  
sel tonight with a view to instituting a  
suit for false arrest and imprisonment  
against the men who frankly admit they  
deliberately decoyed her into a compro-  
mising situation.

#### German Pleads Not Guilty.

George Kotter, New York superintendent  
of the Hamburg-American Steam-  
ship Company, Adolph Hachmeister, port  
clerk agent, and William Pappinbaum,  
supercargo of the Berwind, one of the  
line's steamships plying between New  
York and Porto Rico, pleaded not guilty  
today to indictments charging them with  
conspiracy. They gave \$5,000 bail each.

They were indicted yesterday on  
charges of conspiring to defraud the  
United States by issuing false passports.

Managing Director Karl Dugan and  
Sofner, supercargo of the Berwind, and  
other Hamburg-American ship captains  
to appear. The men were arrested until  
March 15 to plead.

#### More Arrests May Follow.

An official of the Department of Jus-  
tice said yesterday that further arrests  
are to be expected as the result of the  
Government's investigation into the con-  
spiracy to secure fraudulent passports  
for German reservists. It was indicated  
that the special agents making the in-  
vestigations do not believe that they have  
by any means uncovered the entire con-  
spiracy as yet.

President Wilson said yesterday that he  
had directed that a thoroughgoing in-  
vestigation be made. He said that he had  
been unable to follow the evidence ac-  
cumulated in his great detail.

Mr. Wilson said that made it clear that  
the special agents with regard to circu-  
lated reports of the recall of Count von  
Bernstorff, the German Ambassador.

A motion to quash the information  
charging Dr. Thomas J. Kemp with a  
violation of the pharmacy laws, was  
filed in the Police Court yesterday  
morning by Attorney Henry B.  
Davis, L. Perkins, John G. Caper,  
and Thomas G. Forney Jr., counsel for  
Dr. Kemp. The motion will be argued  
next Tuesday, with Assistant Cor-  
poration Counsel Taggart representing the  
District.

The information was filed by  
Pharmacy Inspector Sanders and a re-  
porter for The Herald. It charged Dr.  
Kemp with selling morphine on three  
occasions to a reporter for The Herald,  
alleged that the morphine was not  
necessary "for the treatment of in-  
jury, deformity or disease," and that  
therefore, the sale was a violation of  
the pharmacy laws.

The motion to quash the information  
claimed that it had not been stated in  
the information that the reporter was  
"addicted to the use of the certain  
drug therein mentioned, to wit, mor-  
phine." It alleged also that the in-  
formation failed to state an offense  
"against, contrary to, or in violation  
of any act of Congress."

Corporation Counsel Taggart said  
merely to delay the case. If the in-  
formation should be found defective  
yesterday that the motion will serve  
on argument next week, another in-  
formation will be filed, he said.

#### British Trawler Sunk

Hull, March 2.—The trawler Sapphire  
has sunk after striking a mine in the  
North Sea. It was loaded with fish.  
The crew, numbering eleven in all, was  
saved.

## PLOTTERS ADMIT PLANS TO BEGIN REIGN OF TERROR

Scheme to Blow Up St. Pat-  
rick's Cathedral Was  
Only Their Start.

### FUSE LIT DURING MASS

Albano Arrested as He Placed  
Bomb in Stately New  
York Edifice.

### AIMED TO MURDER FINANCIERS

Sleuth Polignani Lived with Party of  
"Advanced Thinkers" for Months  
and Enabled Leaders' Capture.

#### Special to The Washington Herald.

New York, March 2.—Frank Albano,  
an anarchist, was arrested in St. Pat-  
rick's Cathedral during the 7 o'clock  
mass this morning, just after he had  
lighted the fuse of a bomb which was  
intended to destroy the edifice.

A few hours later the police also ar-  
rested Charles Carbone, another anar-  
chist, on a charge of complicity in the  
plot.

#### Confesses Posing Plot.

Albano and Carbone, under the  
third degree, confessed that they had  
planned to blow up the cathedral first,  
and thereafter inaugurate a reign of  
terror during which Andrew Carnegie,  
John D. Rockefeller and his son and  
other well-known millionaires were to  
be assassinated and the banks of the  
city were to be attacked and looted.

The police say they have no evidence  
other than the statements of the two  
prisoners of plan for this widespread  
terror. They admit, however, that had  
the cathedral attempt been successful it  
would have been followed by similar out-  
rages, the extent of which cannot be  
approximated.

#### Polignani Was "Anarchist."

The capture of Albano was accom-  
plished by methods to which there is no  
parallel outside the pages of detective  
fiction. It was engineered by Emilio  
Polignani, a young policeman with no  
previous detective experience, who has  
for four months been living with the an-  
archists of New York as a pronounced  
believer in their creed.

It was carried out by half a dozen de-  
tectives disguised as scrub women, truck  
drivers and an usher, who stationed  
themselves in the cathedral and leaped  
upon Albano as he set the fuse of his  
bomb alight.

#### Officer Had Another Bomb.

In another part of the church at the  
same time Polignani, the detective, was  
carrying another bomb, which he had  
agreed with his comrades he would touch  
off in the same way.

Carbone, the third man, had agreed to  
participate in the plot, but at the last  
minute decided to remain away.

Carbone manufactured the bomb in the  
presence of Polignani on Sunday after-  
noon. According to the police, it was of  
a most deadly character. In the church  
at the time were several hundred early  
church goers, attending mass, which was  
being celebrated by Bishop Hayes.

It was declared today that the plot  
has ramifications which involve half a  
dozen small groups of anarchists who  
were ready to lend a hand in further  
operations had today's plot succeeded.

Other arrests may follow.

Albano and Carbone were arraigned  
before Magistrate Nolan this afternoon  
and held without bail for forty-eight  
hours. They will be indicted tomorrow.

#### Will Be Indicted Today.

Albano told the police that he and his  
comrades were preparing to cele-  
brate the reign of terror in France,  
which began in the month of March.  
It was also pointed out that today was  
the anniversary of the assassination of  
Police Chief Shipley, of Chicago, that  
the sentence of Quintan, the Paterson  
anarchist, was affirmed by the Supreme  
Court of New Jersey today, and that  
Tombenbaum, the anarchist sent to  
prison for the disturbance during the  
unemployed riots last winter, would be  
released in a few days.

This celebration of events, it was  
thought, provided a psychological  
junction for a new demonstration by  
the anarchists.

## FRENCH FLAG HOISTED OVER STEAMER DACIA

Naval Commissioner Takes Charge of  
American Ship at Brest—Cargo  
Awaits Decision.

Brest, France, March 2.—The French  
flag was hoisted over the American  
steamer Dacia today and the chief  
naval commissioner took possession  
of the vessel in the name of the gov-  
ernment.

The Brest was towed into the inner  
port by the auxiliary cruiser Europe  
and anchored there.

The cargo, which comprises 11,000  
bales of cotton, is still on board, and  
probably will remain there until the  
poise court acts.

The crew, Americans or natives of  
other countries, will be landed and re-  
paratriated in conformity with the rules  
governing the treatment of crews of  
captured vessels.

## TURKISH FORTS WILL FALL, SAYS TEUTONIC PRESS

Only Matter of Time Ere Dar-  
danelles Will Be Taken  
by Allies.

### SHIPS MEET WITH SQUALL

Fleet Forced to Let Up, While  
Turks Rush Men to  
Oppose It.

### MINE SWEEPERS ARE SUNK?

Carden's Ships Will Next Concentrate  
Guns Upon Inner Forts of Chanak,  
Karejuren, and Cam-Kalesi.

#### By HERBERT TEMPLE.

London, March 2.—An exchange tele-  
gram from the Hague says that Aus-  
trian and German newspapers which  
publish comment on the operations in  
the Dardanelles have generally ad-  
mitted that it is a question of time  
only before Constantinople will fall.

German papers argue that Austria  
negotiate with Italy regarding the ces-  
sion of Trentino in consideration for  
Italy's participation in the war on the  
side of the Teutonic allies.

#### Halt Attack Temporarily.

With their operations in the Darda-  
nelles thus far a complete success, the  
Anglo-French fleet has been compelled  
to halt its attack temporarily on ac-  
count of a heavy gale that is sweep-  
ing the strait and the Aegean Sea  
coast. Meanwhile, the fleet is await-  
ing the arrival of more troops that  
will oppose the Turkish force now be-  
ing gathered on the Peninsula of Gal-  
lipoli and on the Asiatic side, just  
south of the Sea of Marmora.

It is reported from Athens that Esad  
Pasha, the Turkish defender of Janina  
in the Balkan war, has been placed in  
command of the Turkish land forces on  
the Asiatic side.

Another dispatch from Athens states  
that Turkish torpedo boat destroyers at-  
tacked the Anglo-French mine sweepers  
in the Dardanelles, sinking two of them.  
According to the indications conveyed  
in dispatches from Athens, Vice Admiral  
Sackville H. Carden's fleet will next con-  
centrate its attack upon the inner forts  
at Chanak, Karejuren and Cam-Kalesi.  
The first two of these are upon the  
Asiatic side; the last named upon the  
European side.

The land operations are expected to de-  
velop on a scale sufficient to cause the  
withdrawal of the Turkish army of in-  
vasion from Egypt.

The forcing of the Dardanelles is evi-  
dently causing great uneasiness in Ger-  
many, where the press has maintained  
that such an event was impossible.  
Vigorous appeals are now being made to  
Italy, Roumania, Bulgaria, and even  
Greece, on the ground that the entry of  
the allies into Constantinople would mean  
the end of the independence of all these  
states.

There is plenty of evidence that Ger-  
many and Austria will regard the cap-  
ture of Constantinople as a great dis-  
aster.

#### Bombard Montenegro Coast.

The following announcement was made  
by the official press bureau this evening,  
based on a report received from British  
expeditionary headquarters in Cairo:

"There are no signs of a renewed ad-  
vance of the Turks against the Suez  
canal positions."

A Central News dispatch from Copen-  
hagen states that the Austro-Hungarian  
fleet has bombarded the Montenegrin  
coast as far as the Albanian frontier.

An exchange telegram from Athens  
states that large bodies of the Turkish  
army which was concentrated at Smyrna  
have departed, probably for the Darda-  
nelles. The Turkish government has  
called upon the men in Constantinople  
who are forty years of age or under with-  
out distinction as to race or religion.

According to reports received from  
Constantinople today Prince Zaba-Ed-Din  
has telegraphed the sultan urging him  
to conclude peace with the allies quickly in  
order to prevent a catastrophe to Turkey.

## "PREXY" SAVES GIRLS FROM DEATH IN FIRE

Hiram Dormitory Catches Fire and  
President Bates Walks Into Flames  
to Rescue Sick Students.

Hiram, Ohio, March 2.—President M.  
Lee Bates, of Hiram College and Miss  
Emma Ryder, teacher of Greek, saved  
the lives of forty-five co-eds when  
fire early today swept through Bow-  
ler Hall, dormitory for girls.

Three young women lay ill in their  
rooms when Miss Ryder dashed  
through the dark halls shouting  
"fire."

By the time the last girl reached the  
outside, President Bates came running  
up.

"The sick girls," cried Miss Murphy,  
and a moment later, "prexy" was lost  
in the smoke. He carried to safety  
Miss Cowdy, of Ashtabula, and Miss  
Helen Loane, of New Jersey, both of  
whom are threatened with pneumonia.

The others managed to escape, aided  
by Miss Ryder.

## Germany Ready To Abandon Her Drifting Mines

Agrees to Cut Out These Dangerous Weapons and Confine  
Herself to Anchored Ones, Which Shall Be Marked, She  
Says, in Reply to United States Note of February 22.

### This Suggestion Was Made in Our Latest Diplomatic Communication to Both Kaiser's and Brittanian Govern- ments—Texts of Communications Made Public in Berlin.

Asks that Hostile Merchant Ships Not Be Armed and  
Likewise Use of Any Neutral Flags.

### U. S. NOTE DESIRES CHANGES AND SUGGESTS THESE ALTERATIONS BE MADE IN BLOCKADE

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.

Amsterdam, March 2.—The contents of the United States government's  
note of February 22 to Great Britain and Germany and Germany's reply  
thereto, dated February 28, have been published here and in Berlin in ad-  
vance of publication in America and England.

The American note expresses the hope that Great Britain and Germany  
may, by means of reciprocal concessions, discover a basis of understanding  
the result of which will tend to free ships engaged in neutral and peaceful  
commerce from the serious dangers to which they are exposed in passing  
through the waters of the belligerent countries.

This suggestion, the note says, should not be considered as a proposal  
by the American government, whom it naturally does not behoove Germany  
to propose conditions for such an agreement, though the question at issue

has a direct and far-reaching inter-  
est for the government and people  
of the United States.

The note says the United States ven-  
tures solely to take a liberty. "What  
it is convinced can be conceded to a  
sincere friend who is actuated by a  
desire to cause inconvenience to neither  
of the two nations, and possibly serve  
the common interests of humanity."

The suggestion is made that Germany  
and Great Britain should agree first,  
that isolated drifting mines should be  
laid by neither party, that anchored  
mines should be laid exclusively for  
defensive purposes, within gun-range  
harbors, and that all mines should be  
the mark of the government or of  
the navy, and be so constructed as to be  
harmless after breaking loose from the  
anchorage.

It is suggested, second, that the sub-  
marines of either of the two governments  
should be employed to attack merchant  
vessels of any nationality, except for the  
purpose of carrying out the right of hold-  
ing them up and searching them; and,  
third, that mercantile ships of either of  
the parties should employ flags as a  
war ruse or for the purpose of concealing  
their identity.

Great Britain, it is suggested, should  
agree that foodstuffs shall not be placed  
on the list of absolute contraband, and  
that the British authorities shall never  
disturb nor hold up cargoes of such goods  
when addressed to agencies in Germany,  
the names of which are communicated by  
the United States government for the  
purpose of receiving such goods and  
handing them over to licensed German  
retailers for further distribution, exclu-  
sively to the civil population.

Germany, it is contended, should de-  
clare her agreement that foodstuffs from  
the United States, or any other neutral  
country, shall be addressed to such  
agencies.

Finally, the American government says  
it wishes to safeguard itself against the  
idea that it either acknowledges or re-  
pudiates any right on the part of the  
belligerents or neutrals established on  
the principles of international law. The  
American government would rather such  
an agreement as a modus vivendi, which  
is based more on subtleties than on  
legal rights.